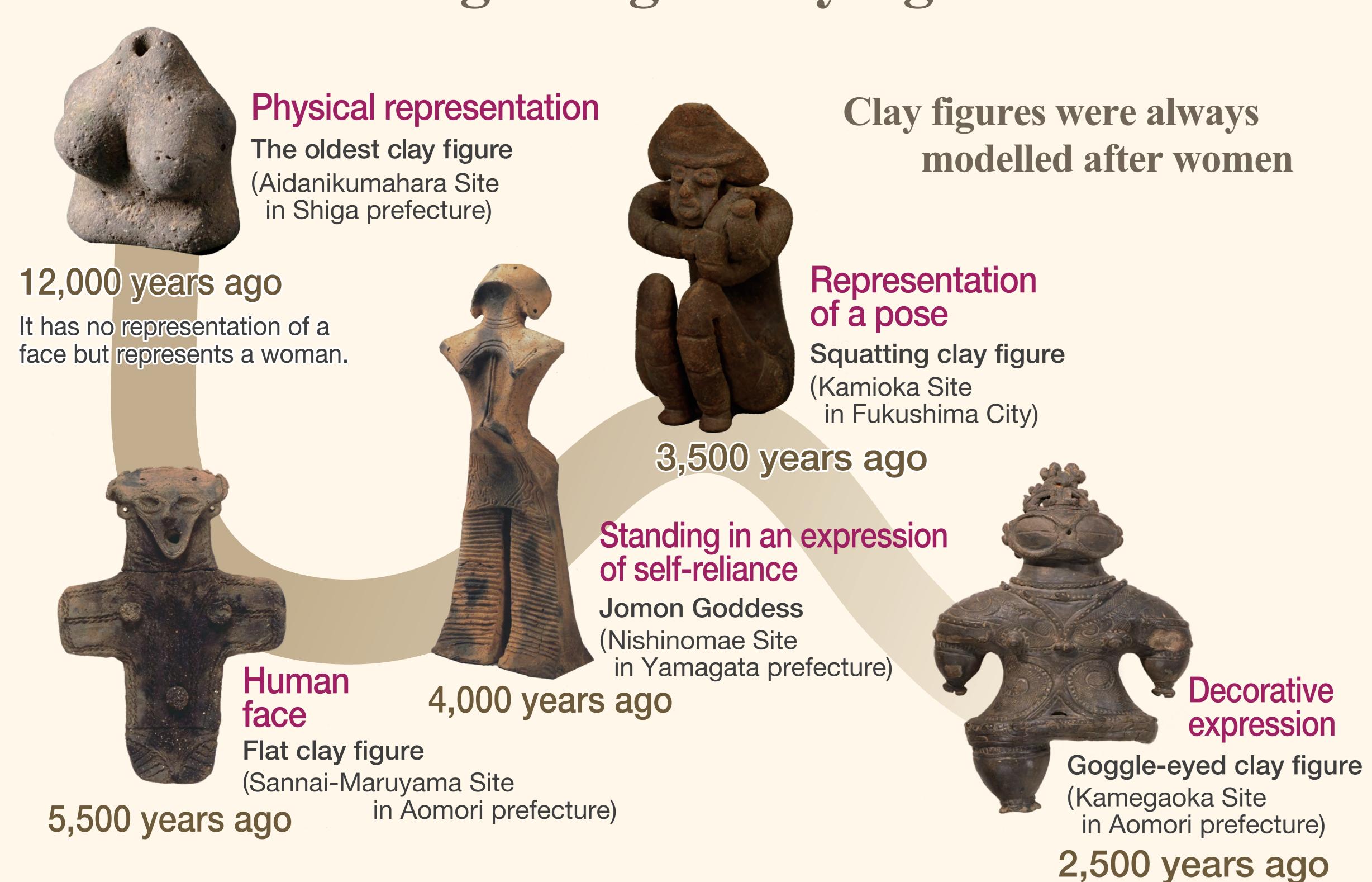
士偶に込められた Ceramic figures showing the Jomon spirit

The oldest clay figure does not have a representation of a face, but has that of breasts.

Clay figures in the shape of women continued to be made for about 10,000 years until the end of the Jomon period, and represented wishes for easy childbirth, the growth of children and safety from disasters.

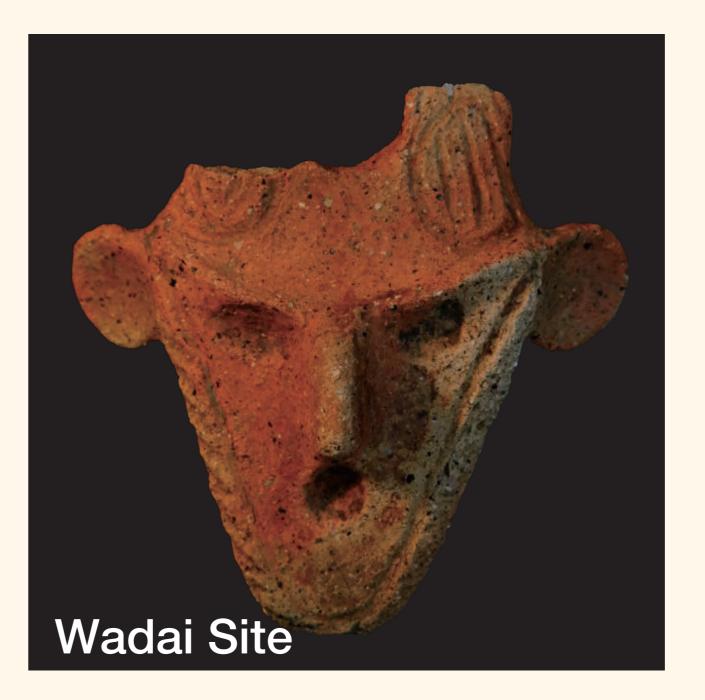
What was the beginning of clay figures?

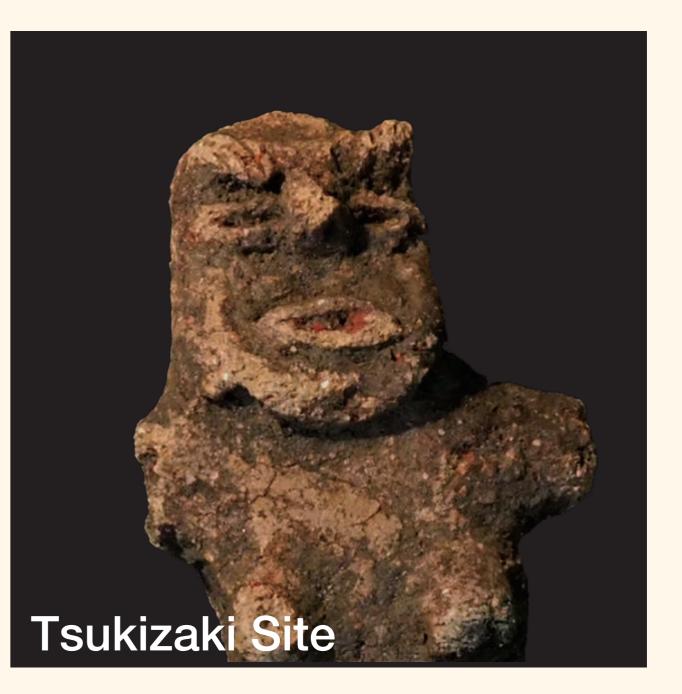


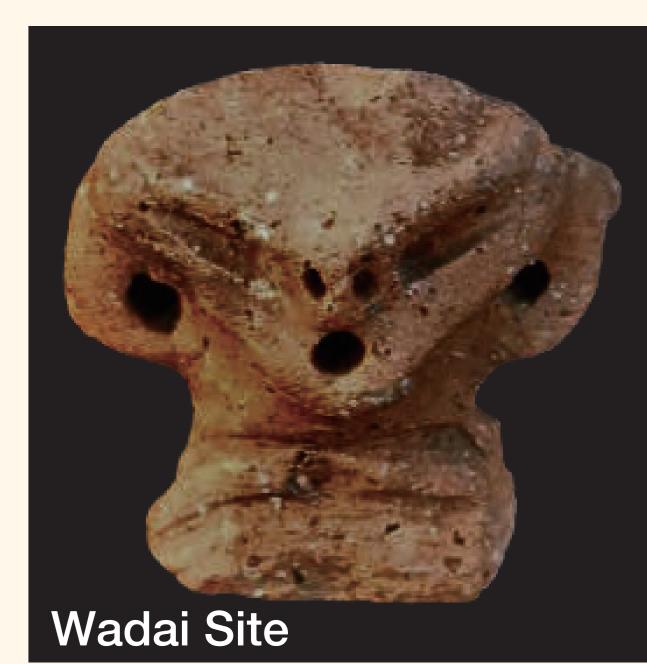
Clay figures with various expressions

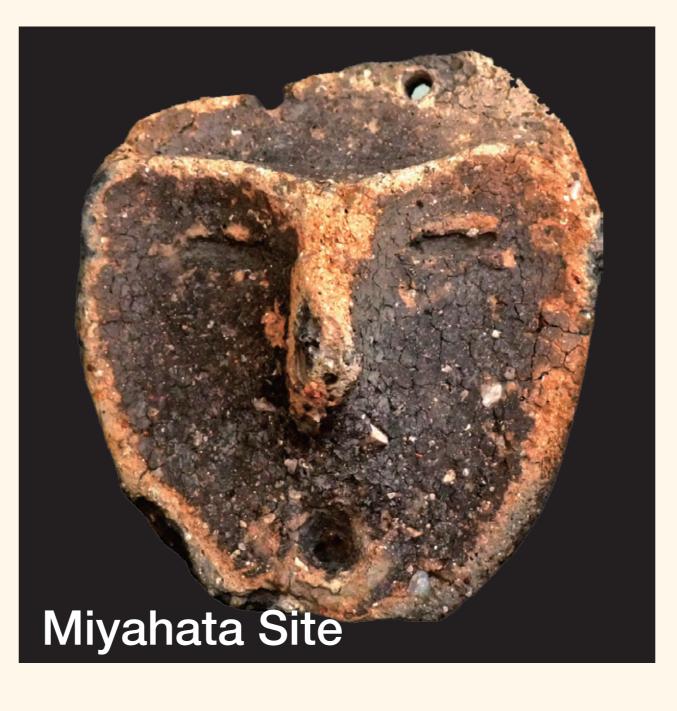
While clay figures represent women, they do not have feminine faces. They have swollen eyes or mouths, or holes in their heads. They are thought to represent the appearance of a shaman, who gives prayers, wearing a mask or with feathers attached to the head.









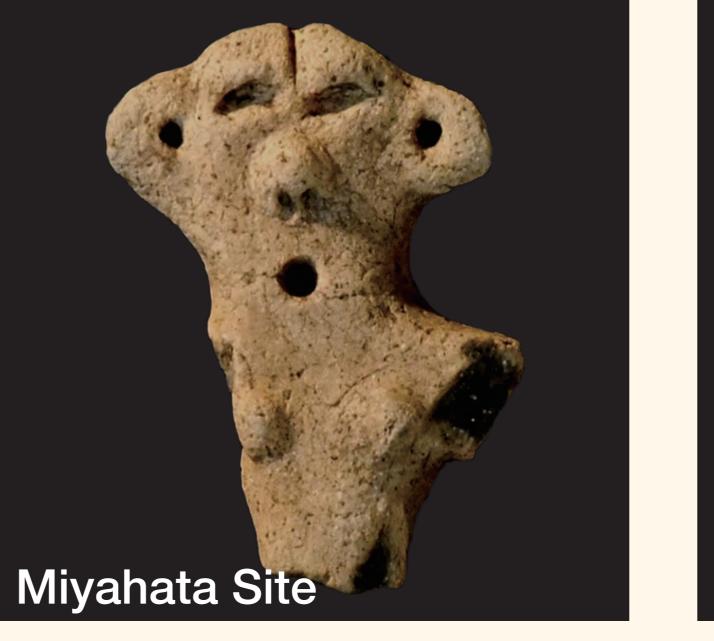


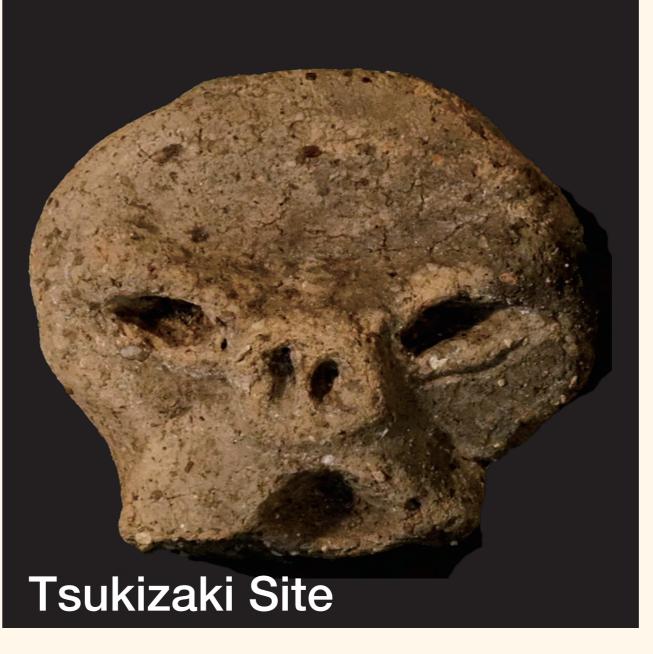


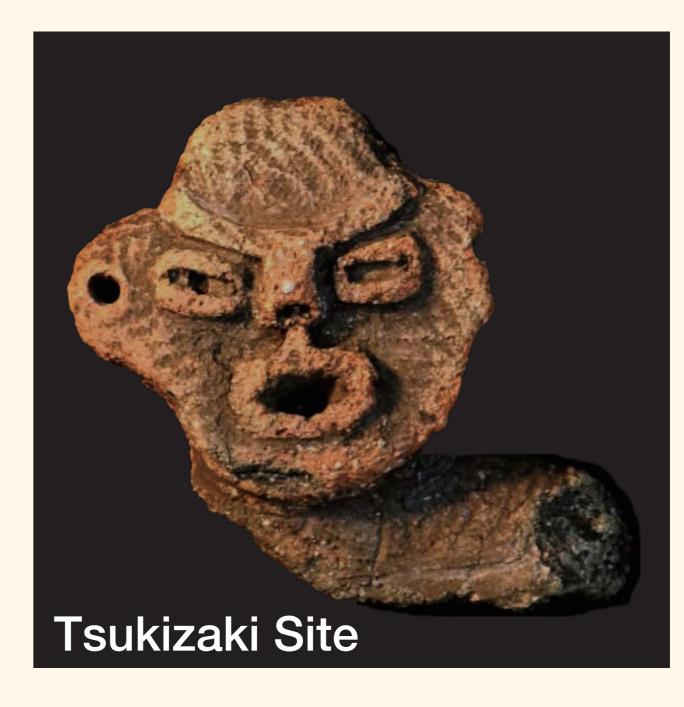


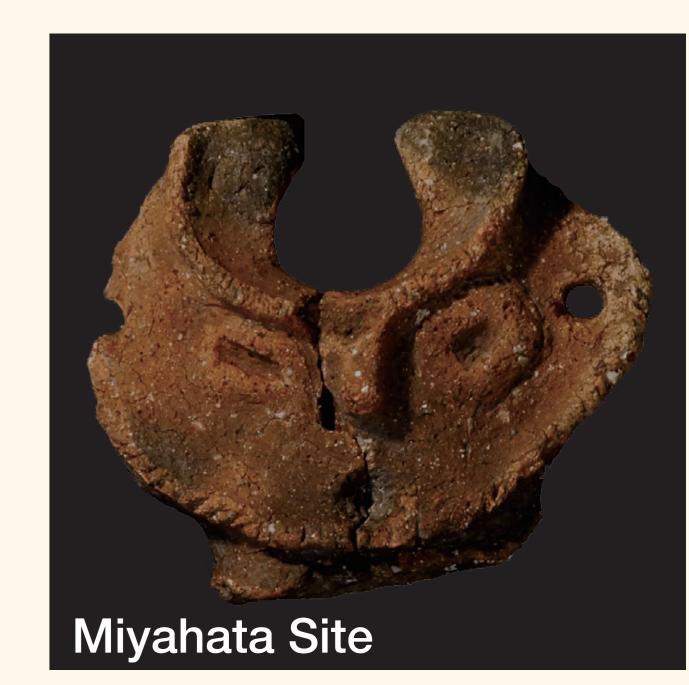












Ear,nose,and mouth-shaped earthen products (Hatten Site in Iwate prefecture)



They are thought to be parts that were attached to masks made of leather or cloth.

Earthen face (Tenjinbira Site in Fukushima City)



Earthen faces were thought to have been worn by the Jomon people as masks for prayers and rituals and have also been discovered in Fukushima City.

A person wearing feather decorations (Goshono Site in Iwate prefecture)



A person wearing feather decorations on their head depicted in pottery. It is thought to have represented the appearance of a shaman.